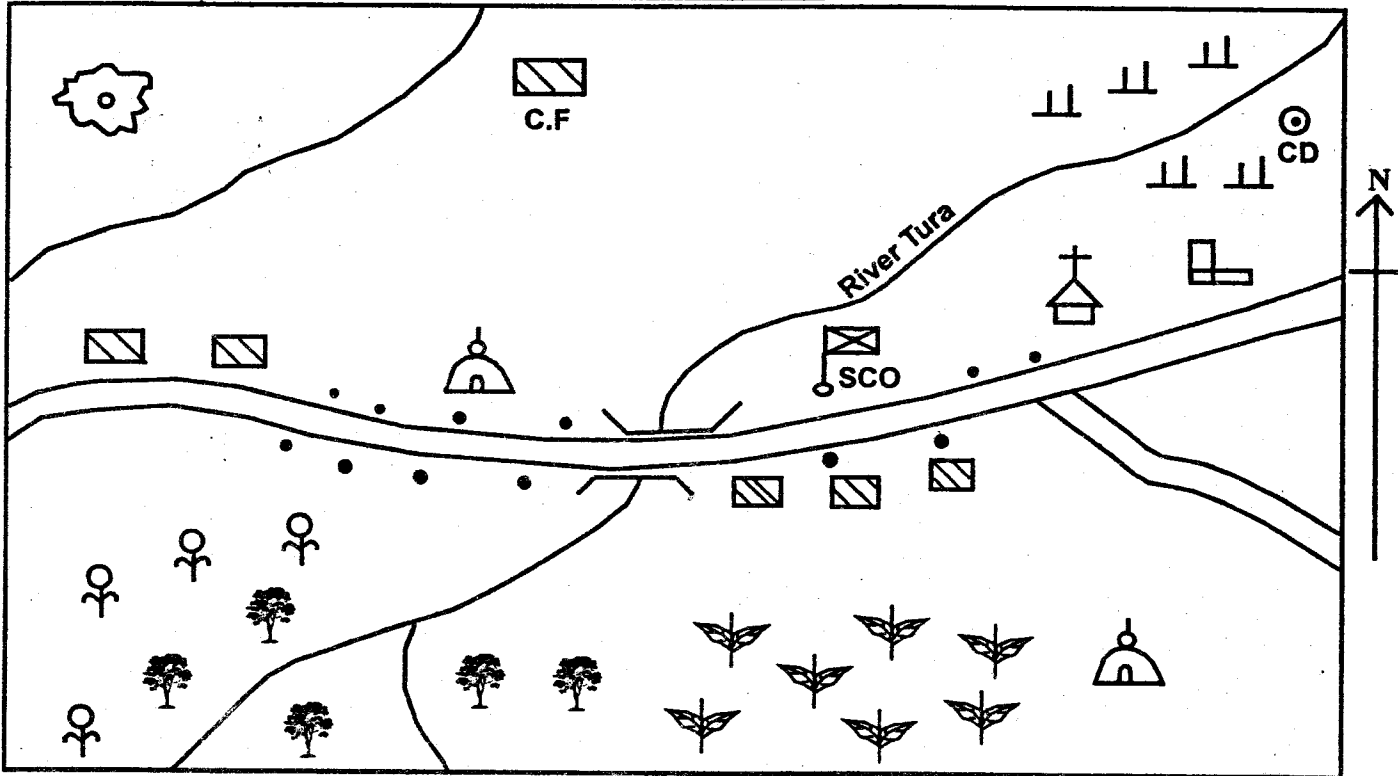


#### KOJUOK AREA



Scale: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 km

#### KEY

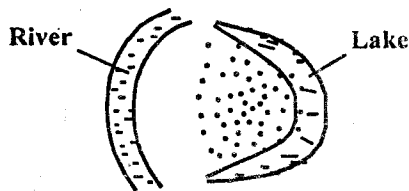
	Forest		Scrub		Huts		Coffee farm
	Tarmac road		Cattle Dip		Permanent Buildings		Church
	Murrum road		Tea Plantation		Cement Factory		Sub-County Office
	School		Quarry		Mosque		

Study the map of Kojuk area and answer questions 1 – 7

- River Tura rises towards
  - North East
  - South West
  - North West
  - South East
- What is the direction of the school from the forest?
  - South West
  - North West
  - North East
  - South East
- The residents of Kojuk area are mainly
  - Christians
  - Pagans
  - Traditionalists
  - Muslims
- Three of the following economic activities are carried out in Kojuk area. Which one is NOT?
  - Cash crop farming
  - Mining
  - Lumbering
  - Trading
- Kojuk area is likely to be headed by a
  - Governor
  - Sub-County Commissioner
  - Senator
  - Member of County Assembly
- Which type of soil is found at the Southern part of Kojuk area?
  - Red volcanic Soil
  - Alluvial soil
  - Black cotton soil
  - Sandy soil
- What is the settlement pattern practised in Kojuk area?
  - Clustered
  - Scattered
  - Linear
  - Nucleated
- Which one of the following statements is true about the climate in the highlands of

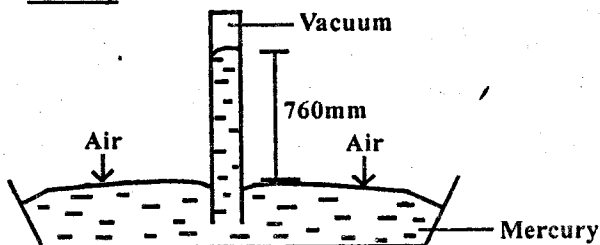
Kenya?

- A. it is hot and humid B. It is hot and dry  
C. It is cool and wet D. It is cool and warm
9. Which of the following is true about the migration and settlement of the Bantus into Eastern Africa?  
A. They all migrated from Congo Forest  
B. They are found in all the countries of Eastern Africa  
C. They migrated into Kenya from North the Eastern part of the country  
D. They migrated from Congo Forest except the Ngoni
10. The diagram below shows the formation of a certain drainage feature



Which lake was not formed through the above process?

- A. Lake Chad B. Lake Kyoga  
C. Lake Bangweulu D. Lake Malawi
11. Which one of the following Kenyan courts has the power to hear election petitions involving members of parliament?  
A. High Court  
B. Court of Appeal  
C. Supreme Court  
D. Chief Magistrate's Court
12. The Fulani of West Africa have a similar economic activity as the Maasai of Kenya. They mainly live in the  
A. coastal lowlands B. plateaus  
C. highlands D. lake basin
13. Three of the following European countries colonised Somalia. Which one did not?  
A. France B. Britain  
C. Germany D. Italy
14. The weather instrument drawn below is mainly used to measure



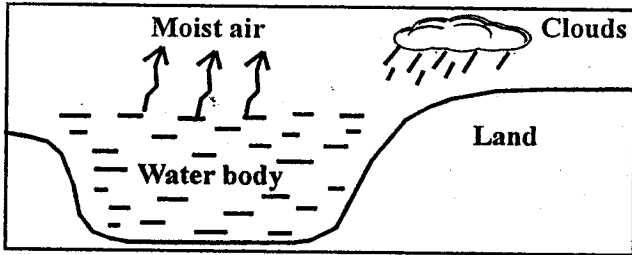
- A. atmospheric pressure  
B. humidity  
C. speed of wind  
D. amount of rainfall
15. Which one of the following groups of

communities share a common origin?

- A. Gabra, Rendile, Pokomo  
B. Maasai, Njemps, Acholi  
C. Agikuyu, Ambeere, Luo  
D. Falasha, Boran, Galla
16. The earth rotates from  
A. North to South B. West to East  
C. East to West D. South to North
17. Which one of the following is NOT a function of clans in the African traditional set up?  
A. Setting up rules  
B. Safeguarding the values of the clan  
C. Educating the youth  
D. Acting as rainmakers and medicinemen
18. The time at Yaunde 40°W is noon. What time is it at Asmara along longitude 20°E?  
A. 2.00 p.m B. 8.00 a.m  
C. 2.00 a.m D. 8.00 p.m
19. Which country below is incorrectly matched with its capital city?  
A. Gambia – Banjui  
B. Cote d'Ivoire – Abijan  
C. South Africa – Pretoria  
D. Lesotho – Maseru
20. African rivers are not navigable because of all the following reasons. Which one is NOT?  
A. They have low volumes of water  
B. Presence of waterfalls and cataracts  
C. Presence of crocodiles  
D. Presence of rapids and rocks
21. What is the headquarters of the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA)?  
A. Lusaka in Zambia  
B. Abuja in Nigeria  
C. Gaborone in Botswana  
D. Addis Ababa in Ethiopia
22. The following traditional African leaders did not collaborate with the European powers except  
A. Mukite wa Nameme  
B. Kabaka Mwanga  
C. Samouri Toure  
D. Chief Lewanika
23. Which one of the following is a tourist attraction in Zimbabwe?  
A. The Kruger National Park  
B. Pyramids of Giza  
C. Victoria Falls  
D. The Roben Island
24. Which one of the following is the best way of controlling pollution from industries in Kenya?  
A. Educating workers on safety measures  
B. Locating industries away from rivers  
C. Locating industries away from towns  
D. Treating industrial wastes before disposal

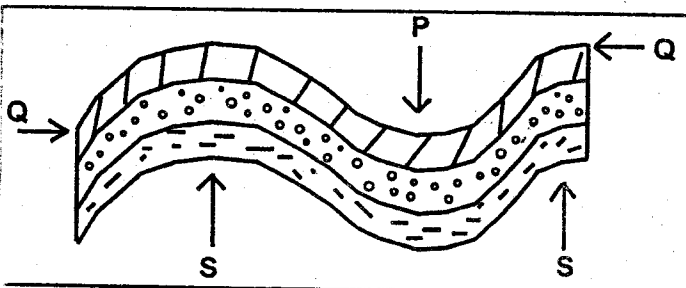
25. Which one of the following is the largest sugar belt where sugarcane is grown under irrigation in Eastern Africa?  
 A. Kakira B. Mumias C. Gezira D. Kenana

Use the diagram below to answer questions 26 – 27



26. The above feature shows the formation of  
 A. relief rainfall B. sea breeze  
 C. convectional rainfall D. land breeze
27. Which one of the following towns does not experience the above feature?  
 A. Entebbe B. Arusha  
 C. Mombasa D. Accra
28. Who among the following is the chief legal advisor to the Kenyan government?  
 A. The Attorney General  
 B. The Speaker  
 C. The Chief Justice  
 D. The Inspector General of Police
29. Which statement below is NOT true about shifting cultivation?  
 A. Farmers mainly grew subsistence crops  
 B. Family members provided labour  
 C. Farmers grow crops in large scale  
 D. Farmers used simple tools
30. Which one of the following philosophies in Kenya was adopted in 1965?  
 A. Harambee B. Nyayoism  
 C. African socialism D. Pan Africanism

Use the diagram below to answer questions 31 – 32



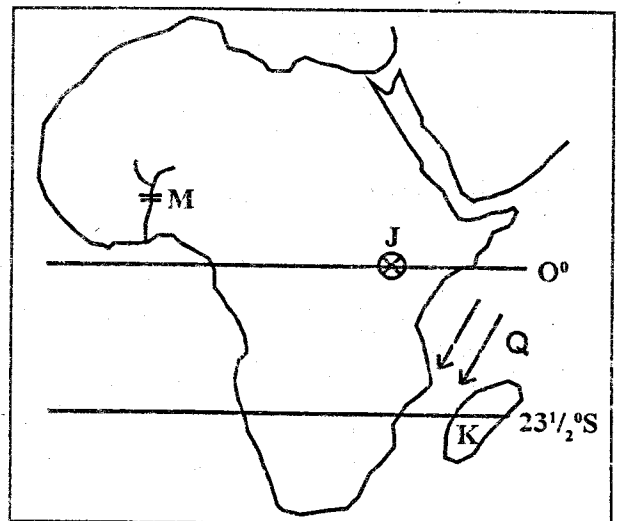
31. Which forces are represented by Q?  
 A. Tensional forces B. Folding forces  
 C. Anticline forces D. Compressional forces
32. Which pair of mountains below was formed through the above process?  
 A. Cape Ranges and Atlas mountains

- B. Usambara and Ruwenzori mountains  
 C. Drakensberg and Pare mountains  
 D. Nyiragongo and Kilimanjaro mountains
33. Three of the following statements are true about the equatorial vegetation zone of Africa. Which one is NOT?  
 A. The vegetation consists of hardwood trees  
 B. The vegetation consists of aromatic shrubs  
 C. Trees grow very tall and form a continuous canopy  
 D. There is little or no undergrowth
34. The following are descriptions of a certain river in Africa:  
 i) It carries large volumes of water  
 ii) It has the most number of tributaries  
 iii) It forms an estuary at its mouth  
 iv) It drains water into the Atlantic ocean  
 The river described above is likely to be  
 A. River Congo B. River Niger  
 C. River Zambezi D. River Limpopo
35. The Great Rift Valley passes through the following countries except  
 A. Mozambique B. Uganda  
 C. Tanzania D. Burundi
36. The following are events which took place in Kenya:  
 i) The Nandi resistance  
 ii) Kenya got self internal government  
 iii) The death of Mzee Jomo Kenyatta  
 iv) The promulgation of the new constitution  
 Which order shows the correct occurrence of the events from the first to the last?  
 A. ii, i, iii, iv B. i, ii, iii, iv  
 C. iv, i, iii, ii D. ii, i, iv, iii
37. Which one of the following is the oldest town in Eastern Africa?  
 A. Mombasa B. Nairobi  
 C. Arusha D. Kampala
38. The main factor affecting tourism along the coast is  
 A. poor accommodation facilities  
 B. insecurity  
 C. poaching  
 D. poor infrastructure
39. The two dates of the year when the sun is overhead at the Equator are known as  
 A. solstices B. summers  
 C. winters D. equinoxes
40. Which of the following statements best explains the position of Africa?  
 A. Half of the continent lies to the North of the Equator

- B. Africa is to the East of the Indian Ocean  
 C. Africa lies to the North of the Mediterranean climate  
 D. Africa is separated from Europe by the Red Sea
41. In which year was Kenya declared a British colony?  
 A. 1920 B. 1952 C. 1895 D. 1963
42. Who among the following declares a winning presidential candidate in Kenya?  
 A. The chairman of IEBC  
 B. The returning officer  
 C. The presiding officer  
 D. The Chief Justice
43. Three of the following are members of the cabinet except  
 A. The President  
 B. The Attorney General  
 C. The Cabinet Secretaries  
 D. The Speaker
44. Which one of the following is the function of the National Assembly in Kenya?  
 A. Regulating and controlling the salaries of civil servants  
 B. Interpreting government policies  
 C. Implementing the laws  
 D. Amending the existing laws
45. Three of the following areas in Africa are densely populated. Which one is NOT?  
 A. The Kalahari region  
 B. The Nile Valley  
 C. Johannesburg region  
 D. Adamawa region
46. Which of the following factors influences the climate of Africa?  
 A. Vegetation cover  
 B. Distance from the mountains  
 C. Type of soil  
 D. Ocean currents
47. The international road that runs from Cape Town to the Northern Africa is known as  
 A. The Cotonou Gao Oudja Highway  
 B. The Great North Road  
 C. The Trans African Highway  
 D. The Trans Saharan Highway
48. Three of the following are uses of soda ash except  
 A. making glasses  
 B. making soap and detergents  
 C. used in paper and textile industries  
 D. used to determine the value of world currencies
49. Which of the following is the most industrialised country in Africa?

- A. South Africa B. Egypt  
 C. Nigeria D. Kenya
50. In which method of fishing below are baited hooks required?  
 A. Purse seining B. Long lining  
 C. Trawling D. Net drifting
51. Which one of the following explains the role of the deputy headteacher in the school administration?  
 A. Admits new pupils  
 B. Writes the school timetable  
 C. Appoints class prefects  
 D. Writes minutes during school committee meetings
52. The following conditions favour the growing of a certain crop:  
 i) Warm climate of above 24°C  
 ii) Heavy rainfall of over 2000mm throughout the year  
 iii) Well drained fertile soil  
 iv) High humidity  
 The crop that requires the above conditions is  
 A. maize B. sugarcane  
 C. cloves D. cocoa
53. The oil field found in the Atlantic Ocean at the coast of Nigeria is known as  
 A. Niger Delta B. Warri  
 C. Kaduna D. Port Har Court

Use the map of Africa below to answer questions 54 – 57



54. The ocean current marked Q is  
 A. Warm Agulhas B. Cold Benguela  
 C. Warm Somali D. Cold Canary
55. The multi-purpose river project marked M is likely to be  
 A. the Volta Scheme  
 B. the Kariba Dam

- C. the Aswan High Dam  
D. the Kainji Dam
56. The Island marked K was a former colony of  
A. Britain                      B. France  
C. Germany                      D. Portugal
57. The traditional Kingdom that existed in the region marked J was  
A. The Nyamwezi  
B. The Khoisan  
C. The Kingdom of Old Ghana  
D. The Buganda
58. Who among the following early visitors to Eastern Africa was an explorer?  
A. Johann Rebman  
B. Henry Morton Stanley  
C. Ludwig Krapf  
D. William Mackinon
59. The road sign shown below means



- A. no Entry  
B. proceed with caution  
C. road closed  
D. stop
60. The least need a family should work for in fulfilling their daily life is  
A. need for proper shelter  
B. need for security  
C. need for food  
D. need for family car
- C.R.E.**
61. In the first story of Genesis, human beings were created last because  
A. God needed mud to make them  
B. they are the best creation  
C. they needed light  
D. they needed land and water
62. The first disciples to see the risen Christ were  
A. the disciples gathered in a room  
B. the two disciples who had gone to the tomb  
C. the disciples who had gone out fishing  
D. the two disciples on the road to Emmaus
63. The prophets of baal were put to the test by Elijah on Mt. Carmel to show that

- A. baal was asleep  
B. God is three in one  
C. God answers prayers  
D. baal was coward
64. Who among the following prophets annointed Saul to be the kng of Israel?  
A. Elisha                      B. Isaiah  
C. Nathan                      D. Samuel
65. Who among the following prophets was sent to King Ahab?  
A. Samuel                      B. Nathan  
C. Elijah                      D. Elisha
66. God appeared to Moses during his call in the form of  
A. thunder                      B. clouds  
C. a vision                      D. a burning bush
67. Joseph was sold by his brothers because  
A. he dreamed of becoming their king  
B. their father hated them  
C. there was hunger in the land of Canaan  
D. he could interprete dreams
68. The Israelites were captives in the land of  
A. Canaan                      B. Aden  
C. Egypt                      D. Median
69. Which one of the following was made by God to Abraham during his call? He promised him that he would  
A. become a priest  
B. be blessed  
C. rule forever  
D. have a strong kingdom
70. It is true to say the Bible was written by  
A. Jesus Christ  
B. the Holy Spirit  
C. people inspired by the Holy Spirit  
D. priests and evangelists
71. Who among the following prophets prophesied the coming of the Messiah?  
A. Isaiah                      B. Micah  
C. Jeremiah                      D. Elisha
72. Jesus went to Jerusalem with His parents to celebrate the Passover when he was  
A. 12 years                      B. 8 days  
C. 8 years                      D. 30 years
73. Which one of the following events did not take place during the baptism of Jesus?  
A. A voice was heard from heaven  
B. Darkness covered the earth

- C. The Holy Spirit came down in the form of a dove  
D. Heaven opened
74. Which one of the following miracles was performed by Jesus in Capernaum?  
A. Raising a widow's son  
B. Raising Lazarus  
C. Healing a man with evil spirits  
D. Changing water into wine
75. God gives talents to  
A. those who behave well  
B. innocent little children  
C. only those who have repented their sins  
D. all people as they are his creation
76. Who among the following disciples broke the law of love because of his greed for money?  
A. John  
B. Judas  
C. Peter  
D. James
77. During which of the following occasions did Jesus wash His disciples' feet?  
A. His temptations  
B. The last supper  
C. His baptism  
D. His crucifixion
78. Jesus used the miracle of the five loaves and the two fish to teach his followers to  
A. ask God for their daily bread  
B. share their food with the poor  
C. seek the spiritual food  
D. carry some food while travelling
79. Which one of the following practices are carried out in traditional African communities to remember the dead?  
A. Removal of the teeth  
B. Drinking beer  
C. Tattooing the body  
D. Naming of the children
80. Which one of the following activities demonstrates a gift of the Holy Spirit?  
A. Tolerating others  
B. Being humble  
C. Being kind to others  
D. Preaching the gospel
81. A symbol that is used in the New Testament to represent the Holy Spirit is  
A. Fire  
B. Earthquake  
C. Cloud  
D. Water
82. The temptation of Jesus Christ in the desert teaches Christians that they should?  
A. Seek earthly riches  
B. Do the will of God

- C. Run away from trials  
D. Look for food when hungry
83. David annoyed God when he  
A. killed Goliath  
B. killed Uriah  
C. cried over the death of Saul  
D. married many wives
84. Which one of the following rituals was performed when a baby was born in traditional African communities?  
A. Paying dowry  
B. Tattooing the body  
C. Shaving the hair  
D. Baptising the baby
85. "Give the wisdom I need to rule your people with justice (1 Kings 3)". These words were spoken by King  
A. Solomon  
B. Ahaz  
C. Ahab  
D. Jeroboam
86. Which one of the following activities BEST promotes love among Christians?  
A. Going to church  
B. Caring for the needy  
C. Avoiding lonely paths  
D. Praying with others
87. The resurrection of Jesus teaches Christians to be  
A. tolerant  
B. hopeful  
C. obedient  
D. honest
88. According to the teachings of Jesus, the greatest in the Kingdom of God are those who  
A. keep the word of God in their heart  
B. are poor in spirit  
C. are humble and innocent  
D. preach the word of God
89. Paul the apostle advises Christians to obey those in authority because  
A. they are powerful  
B. they are chosen by God  
C. their rule is perfect  
D. they are well to do
90. After the resurrection of Jesus, He told His disciples to wait in Jerusalem for the Holy Spirit who would help them to  
A. preach the good news  
B. conquer the Roman emperor  
C. serve the Jewish council  
D. become wealthy