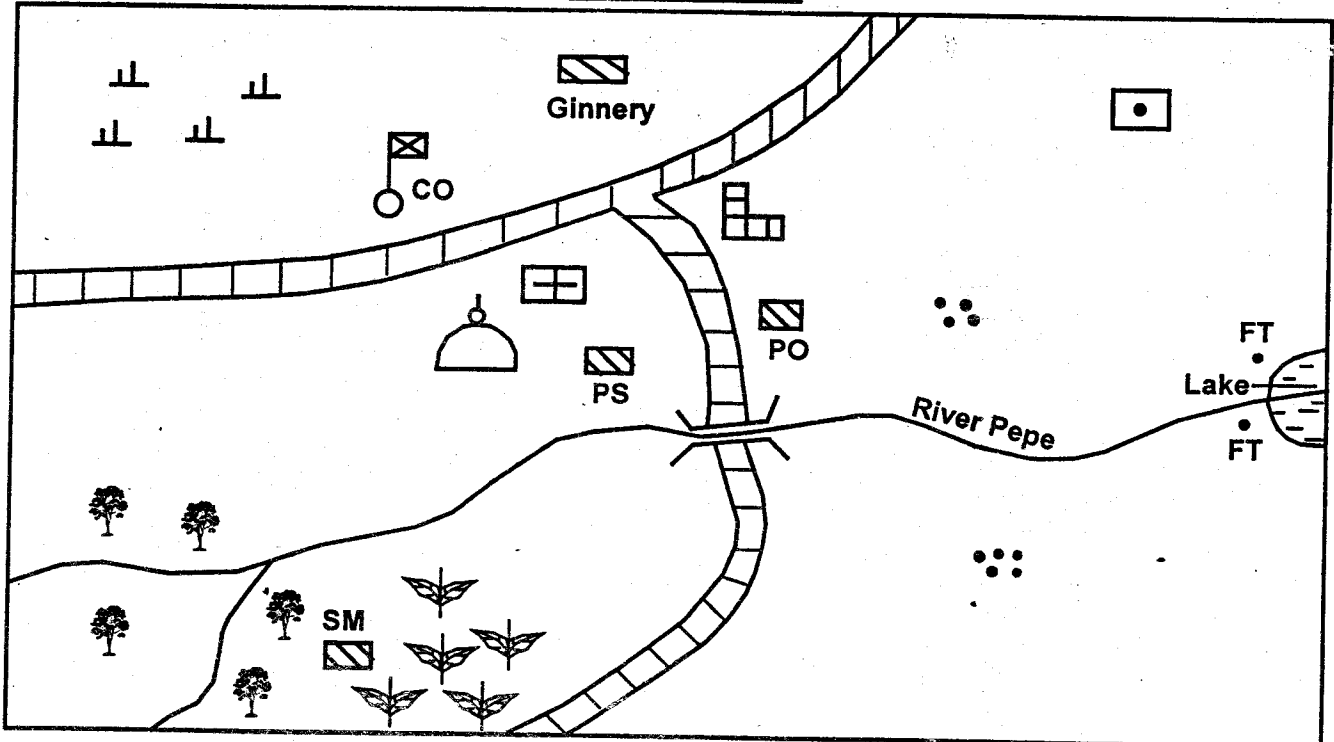


GOMBE AREA



Scale: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 km

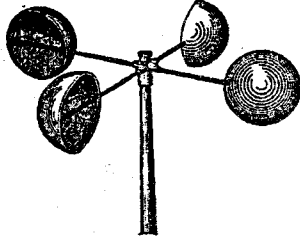
KEY

	Forest	CO	County Offices		Mosque
	Tarmac road	PS	Police Station		School
	Huts	SM	Saw mill		Hospital
PO	Post Office	FT	Fish Traps		Tea plantation
					Museum
					Scrub

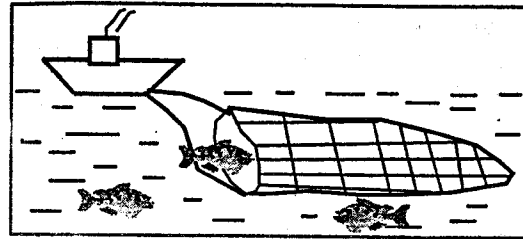
Study the map of Gombe area and answer questions 1 – 7

- What is the direction of the police station from the museum?
 - North East
 - South West
 - North West
 - South East
- The climate of the South Western part of Gombe area is
 - hot and cool
 - hot and wet
 - hot and dry
 - cool and wet
- The main administrator in Gombe area is
 - Governor
 - Senator
 - Chief
 - Member of County Assembly
- Three of the following economic activities are carried out in Gombe area except one. Which one?
 - Tourism
 - Lumbering
 - Fishing
 - Mining
- The residents of Gombe area are likely to be
 - Muslims
 - Christians
 - Pagans
 - Budhists
- Which two cash crops are grown in Gombe area?
 - Tea and maize
 - Sugarcane and tea
 - Tea and cotton
 - Tea and coffee
- Which feature is likely to be found at the mouth of River Pepe?
 - Estuary
 - Confluence
 - Delta
 - Tributary
- Which set of communities below belong to the River Lake Nilotes?
 - Shilluk, Luo, Acholi, Nuer

- B. Dinka, Karamojong, Iteso, Luo
 C. Alur, Padhola, Turkana, Anuak
 D. Kipsigis, Samburu, Nandi, Tugen
9. Three of the following countries of Eastern Africa are NOT crossed by the Equator except
- A. Somalia B. Ethiopia
 C. Eritrea D. Tanzania
10. The weather instrument drawn below is mainly used to measure

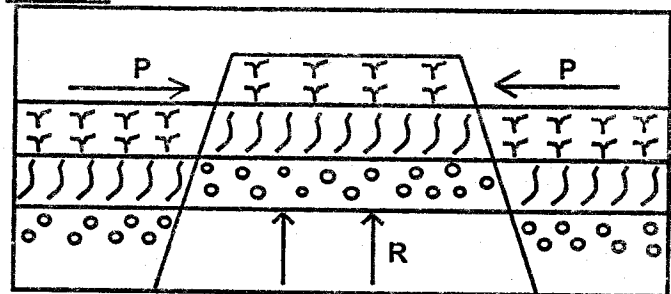


- A. the direction of wind
 B. the speed of wind
 C. the strength of wind
 D. atmospheric pressure
11. The following factors affect the climate of Eastern Africa. Which one does not?
- A. Altitude
 B. Shape of the coastline
 C. Relief
 D. Soil
12. Which one of the following was the main reason for the migration of Cushites from the Horn of Africa?
- A. Search for trading activities
 B. Search for farming land
 C. Search for pasture and water
 D. Search for fishing grounds
13. Which one of the following rivers drains into Lorian Swamp?
- A. River Omo B. River Ewaso Nyiro South
 C. River Kerio D. River Ewaso Nyiro North
14. Which one of the following is the main cause of accidents on the Kenyan roads?
- A. Poor roads
 B. Carelessness of road users
 C. Unroadworthy vehicles
 D. Overspeeding
15. Some parts of Eastern Africa are sparsely populated mainly because of
- A. insecurity
 B. low rainfall
 C. poor transport network
 D. government policy
16. Which method of fishing is shown in the diagram below?



- A. Trawling B. Net drifting
 C. Purse seining D. Long lining
17. What was the main economic activity of the Semites?
- A. Fishing B. Trading
 C. Pastoralism D. Farming

Use the diagram below to answer questions 18 – 19

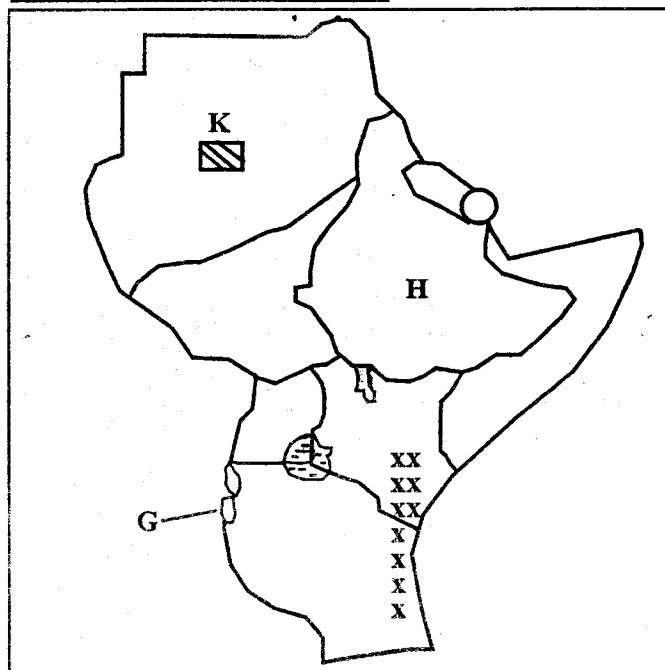


18. The forces marked P and R are _____ and _____ respectively
- A. compressional and upthrust
 B. faulting and tensional
 C. tensional and upthrust
 D. tensional and compressional
19. The following mountains were formed through the above process except
- A. Mt. Pare
 B. Mt. Usambara
 C. Mt. Ruwenzori
 D. Mt. Meru
20. The Great Rift Valley crosses through the following countries. Which one is NOT?
- A. Tanzania B. Ethiopia
 C. Somalia D. Mozambique
21. Which country is incorrectly matched with its capital city?
- A. Burundi – Bujumbura
 B. Sudan – Khartoum
 C. Tanzania – Dodoma
 D. South Sudan – Ramciel
22. Which of the following trees are mainly found in the savannah vegetation zone?
- A. Baobab and euphorbia
 B. Mangrove and acacia
 C. Acacia and baobab
 D. Pine and eucalyptus

39. Large-scale maize farming in Tanzania is mainly practised in
 A. Kigoma B. Moshi-Arusha
 C. Rungwa D. Dodoma
40. Three of the following factors discourage unity in Eastern Africa except
 A. tribalism
 B. intermarriages
 C. religious differences
 D. racism
41. Which one of the following countries in Eastern Africa is NOT landlocked?
 A. Eritrea B. South Sudan
 C. Uganda D. Ethiopia
42. Which one of the following is the main tourist attraction at the coast of Kenya?
 A. Warm sandy beaches
 B. Wildlife
 C. Beautiful sceneries
 D. Historical sites
43. The main function of the Kenyan Police Service is to
 A. arrest criminals
 B. take suspects to courts
 C. keep law and order
 D. protect the leaders
44. Which one of the following is not a responsibility of a Kenyan citizen?
 A. Being patriotic B. Paying taxes
 C. Obeying the laws D. Being tribalistic
45. The head of the Judiciary in Kenya is
 A. the President
 B. the Chief Justice
 C. the High Court Judge
 D. the Attorney General
46. On 20th October every year, Kenyans celebrate an important occasion in our history. Which one?
 A. Madaraka day B. Jamhuri day
 C. Mashujaa day D. Labour day
47. Which one of the following is the highest non-volcanic mountain in Eastern Africa?
 A. Mt. Ruwenzori B. Mt. Pare
 C. Mt. Kenya D. Mt. Kilimanjaro
48. The Nyayo philosophy was introduced in Kenya by
 A. Daniel Arap Moi B. Tom Mboya
 C. Jomo Kenyatta D. Mwai Kibaki
49. The following are responsibilities of children in the family. Which one is NOT?

- A. Obeying parents
 B. Providing basic needs
 C. Going to school
 D. Taking care of family property
50. The following communities belong to the Mijikenda. Which one does NOT?
 A. Chonyi B. Ribe
 C. Pokomo D. Rabai
51. Which two cultural practices below were taught through apprenticeship in the past?
 A. Iron working and farming
 B. Iron working and medicine
 C. Singing and dancing
 D. Fishing and harvesting honey
52. Which of the following types of fish is caught in the inland waters?
 A. Tuna B. Trout
 C. Mullet D. Parrot fish

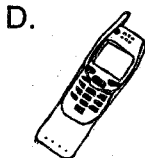
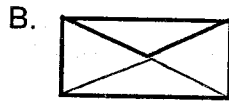
Use the map of Eastern Africa below to answer questions 53 – 56



53. The country marked G is likely to be
 A. Burundi B. Rwanda
 C. Uganda D. South Sudan
54. The country marked H is headed by
 A. a President B. an Emperor
 C. a King D. a Prime Minister
55. Which crop is mainly grown in the region marked K?
 A. Coffee B. Tea
 C. Sugarcane D. Cotton

23. Every school has its school motto. This is mainly because
- A. it can be written on the school badge
 - B. it makes the school advanced
 - C. it reminds pupils to work hard
 - D. it is used to teach pupils good morals

24. Which one of the following is NOT a modern method of communication?



25. The following factors explain why the population of Kenya is growing fast. Which one does not?

- A. There are more births than deaths
- B. There is improved health services
- C. There is more love for children
- D. There is improved nutrition

26. Which one of the following is a positive effect of British colonisation in Kenya?

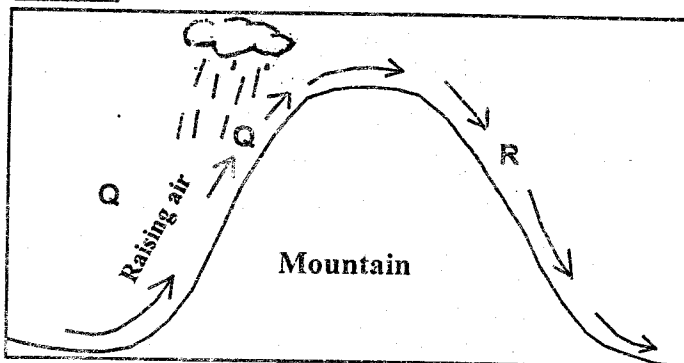
- A. Carrying of Kipande
- B. Establishment of towns
- C. Paying taxes
- D. Racial discrimination

27. Mobile phone making belongs to one of the following industries. Which one?

- A. Processing industry
- B. Manufacturing industry
- C. Assembly industry
- D. Service industry

Use the diagram below to answer questions

28 – 29



28. Which economic activity cannot be carried out on the side marked R?

- A. Cash crop farming
- B. Pastoralism

- C. Beef farming
- D. Mining

29. The winds on the side marked Q are
- A. warm and moist
 - B. cold and moist
 - C. warm and dry
 - D. warm and cool

30. The following are factors that favour the growing of tea in Eastern Africa. Which one does not?

- A. High rainfall
- B. Low altitude
- C. Cool temperatures
- D. Deep, well drained volcanic soils

31. Which mineral is mined at Kariandusi near Gilgil?

- A. Soda ash
- B. Fluorspar
- C. Diatomite
- D. Limestone

32. The following were functions of a clan in traditional African societies. Which one was performed by the elders only?

- A. Protecting members from external attacks
- B. Educating the youth
- C. Settling disputes among its members
- D. Planning and conducting marriage ceremonies

33. Below is a list of family members:

- i) Aunt
- ii) Mother
- iii) Children
- iv) Grand parents
- v) Uncle

Which one consists of members of the extended family?

- A. i, ii, iii
- B. i, iv, v
- C. ii, iii, iv
- D. iii, iv, v

34. Which one of the following communities does not belong to the Southern Cushites?

- A. Burungu
- B. Iraqw
- C. Dahalo
- D. Burji

35. The vegetation that covers the marshy areas of the Eastern Africa coastline is mainly

- A. savannah vegetation
- B. papyrus reeds vegetation
- C. mangrove vegetation
- D. the coastal continental vegetation

36. The following were methods of teaching used in informal education except

- A. through story telling
- B. through fold tales
- C. through drawing
- D. through participation

37. Kenyans are allowed to register for voting in elections after they attain the age of

- A. 21 years
- B. 30 years
- C. 55 years
- D. 18 years

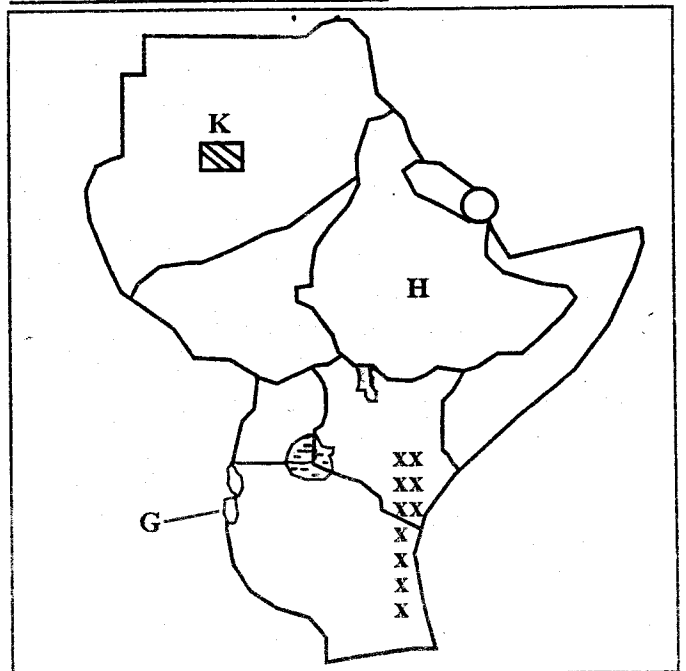
38. The line of latitude marked $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ North is called the

- A. Tropic of Cancer
- B. Equator
- C. Prime Meridian
- D. Tropic of Capricorn

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55. Which crop is mainly grown in the region marked K?
 A. Coffee B. Tea
 C. Sugarcane D. Cotton

56. What is the climate of the region marked xxx?
 A. Cool and wet B. Hot and dry
 C. Cool and dry D. Hot and wet
57. Drug abuse is discouraged mainly because it
 A. leads to ill health
 B. pollutes the environment
 C. promotes illegal trade
 D. encourages corruption
58. What was the main reason that led Oloibon Lenana to collaborate with the British?
 A. He wanted to trade with the British
 B. He wanted help from the British
 C. He wanted to be made a paramount chief
 D. He wanted to construct a railway line in his land
59. Which is the smallest county in Kenya?
 A. Mombasa B. Homa Bay
 C. Kiambu D. Kajiado
60. Which of the following is a democratic right of people with special needs?
 A. Being at the road sides
 B. Working harder at job places
 C. Voting during elections
 D. Carrying out community activities

C.R.E.

61. On the fifth day, God created
 A. man and animals
 B. light and darkness
 C. land, sea and vegetation
 D. birds and sea creatures
62. Which of the following is a misuse of God's creation?
 A. Planting trees
 B. Cultivating along river banks
 C. Controlling soil erosion
 D. Practicing agro-forestry
63. Which King of Israel made Jerusalem the capital of Israel?
 A. Saul B. Ahab

- C. David D. Solomon
64. The father of Moses was known as
 A. Jochebed B. Terah
 C. Aaron D. Amram
65. Prophet Samuel served God under priest
 A. Zachariah B. Aaron
 C. Eli D. Moses
66. Which one of the following was not God's promise to Abraham?
 A. To rule forever
 B. To have many descendants
 C. To be given a son
 D. To be given a land
67. Who among the following judges of Israel was led by the Spirit of God to fight against the Midianites?
 A. Deborah B. Barak
 C. Gideon D. Samson
68. Who among the following committed murder and also coveted someones wife?
 A. Hosea B. David
 C. Solomon D. Naboth
69. Who among the following prophets of Israel foretold of the new covenant?
 A. Isaiah B. Joel
 C. Hosea D. Jeremiah
70. Which of the following is a historic book?
 A. Psalms B. Ezekiel
 C. Kings D. Job
71. The New Testament in the Bible has _____ books
 A. 39 B. 27
 C. 19 D. 15
72. Jesus went to Jerusalem for the passover festival when He was _____ years
 A. 10 B. 8
 C. 12 D. 13
73. Happy are the peace makers for they shall
 A. see God
 B. be called the children of God
 C. inherit the earth
 D. receive what God has promised

74. Who among the following had been promised that he will not die before seeing the Saviour?
 A. Simeon
 B. James
 C. Cleopas
 D. Mary Magdalene
75. Who among the following informed the three women who went to the tomb early on Sunday morning that Jesus had risen?
 A. Peter
 B. Mary Magdalene
 C. Cleopas
 D. Angels
76. Who among the following prepared the way for Jesus?
 A. James
 B. John the Baptist
 C. Levi
 D. Peter
77. Which one of the following is a gift of the Holy Spirit?
 A. Patience B. Self control
 C. Wisdom D. Faithfulness
78. Which of the following parables of Jesus teaches on forgiveness?
 A. The parable of the sower
 B. The parable of the prodigal son
 C. The parable of the Good Samaritan
 D. The parable of the widow and the judge
79. "I am fearfully and wonderfully made." This was said by King David in the book of
 A. Psalms B. Proverbs
 C. Samuel D. Kings
80. The second pair of disciples to be called by Jesus were
 A. Peter and Andrew
 B. James and John
 C. Thomas and Levi
 D. James and Nathan
81. Abraham was called by God when he was _____ years old
 A. 100 years B. 86 years
 C. 99 years D. 75 years
82. The first people to see baby Jesus were the
 A. wisemen
 B. shepherds
 C. disciples
 D. Mary Magdalene and Martha
83. Who among the following was NOT a specialist in African traditional societies?
 A. A prophet B. A priest
 C. A pastor D. A rainmaker
84. The Jewish ruler who asked Jesus about eternal life was
 A. Nicodemus B. John
 C. Pilate D. Caiphas
85. In traditional African society the Maasai called their God
 A. Tororok B. Mulungu
 C. Asis D. Enkai
86. Most work in the traditional African community was done
 A. individually
 B. communally
 C. usually
 D. by use of paid labour
87. Missionaries mainly came to Kenya to
 A. build churches
 B. teach hygiene
 C. preach the gospel
 D. establish schools
88. 'Faith without actions is dead'. This is found in the book of
 A. Phillipines B. Timothy
 C. James D. Thessalonians
89. When different churches come together to promote unity and serve humanity this is known as
 A. reconciliation
 B. ecumenism
 C. charismatic renewal
 D. gospel revival
90. Christopher, your friend, is given money to buy a pen but he plans to buy sweets instead. As a Christian, what is the best advice to give him? Tell him to
 A. buy the sweets and share
 B. buy the sweets another time
 C. share the money with other friends
 D. follow the instructions given