



# STANDARD SEVEN

**DISCOVERY  
CENSOR**

## DISCOVERY NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS KCPE COMPLIANCE 2021

### SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES (Please read these instructions carefully)

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question booklet.

#### HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use only an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:  
**YOUR INDEX NUMBER**  
**YOUR NAME**  
**NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any mark outside the boxes.
8. Keep the answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each of the questions 1-90, answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

#### Example

In the Question Booklet:

33. The headquarters of the African Union is based in:-  
A. Gaborone - Botswana      B. Abuja - Nigeria  
C. Lusaka - Zambia      D. Addis Ababa - Ethiopia

The correct answer is 'D'

On the answer sheet:

30 [A] [B] [C] [D] 31 [A] [B] [C] [D] 32 [A] [B] [C] [D] 33 [A] [B] [C] [D] 34 [A] [B] [C] [D]

11. Your dark line **MUST** be written in the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

Discovery Educational Publishers, Nairobi

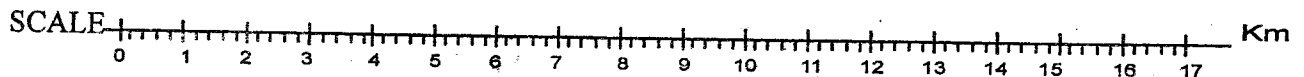
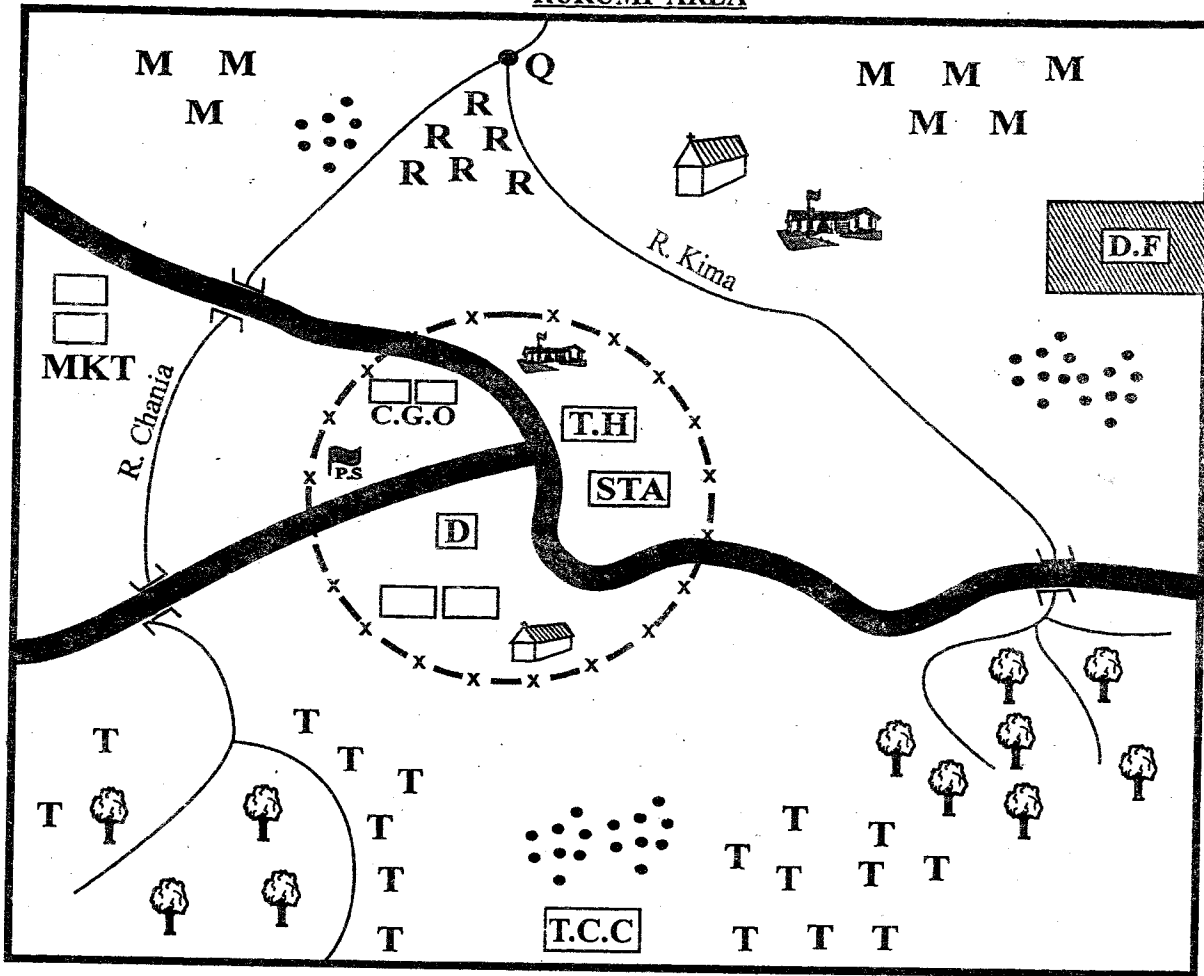
This question paper consists of 12 printed pages

Discovery National Examinations 2021

**TURN OVER**

PART I: SOCIAL STUDIES

RURUMI AREA



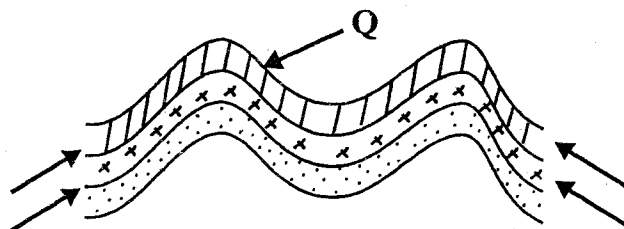
Forest	Arrow roots	Tourist Hotel
River & Bridge	Dairy farm	Dispensary
Tarmac road	Settlements	Police station
Permanent buildings	Church	School
Tea	Market	Town Boundary
Tea collection centre	County Governor's office	
Maize	Stadium	

Study the map of Rurumi area provided and answer questions 1 - 7.

1. The **main** economic activity in Rurumi Area is;
  - A. trading
  - B. lumbering
  - C. farming
  - D. pastoralism
2. The feature formed where River Chania and River Kima meet is called a;
  - A. confluence
  - B. delta
  - C. estuary
  - D. distributary
3. The head of Rurumi area is **most** likely to be;
  - A. chief
  - B. county governor
  - C. D.O
  - D. D.C
4. Why does the tarmac road in the map bend towards the South Eastern side?
  - A. It passed through a forest
  - B. It passes through an area with dense settlement
  - C. The area is steep
  - D. The area is flat
5. Which of the following breeds of cattle is **not** likely to be found in the dairy farm?
  - A. Jersey
  - B. Guernsey
  - C. Freshian
  - D. Herefore
6. Security in Rurumi area is provided by;
  - A. the police
  - B. the governor
  - C. chief
  - D. prison warden
7. Which type of soil is **likely** to be found in the Southern side of the map?
  - A. Black cotton
  - B. Red volcanic
  - C. Alluvial
  - D. Sandy soil
8. During the precolonial period, the Nyamwezi were ruled by hereditary chiefs given the title;
  - A. Njuri Ncheke
  - B. Wanyamphala
  - C. Ntemi
  - D. Kabaka
9. The following are Southern cushites in Tanzania **except**;
  - A. Amamanik
  - B. Sandawe
  - C. Iraqw
  - D. Oromo
10. Bantus migrated from Congo forest **mainly** because they;
  - A. were searching for pasture and water
  - B. were attacked by hostile neighbours
  - C. the area became overpopulated
  - D. there was an outbreak of diseases
11. Cultural artefacts are important because of all the following **except**;
  - A. they are important sources of information about our culture
  - B. they help us to learn the culture of the people
  - C. they attract tourists
  - D. they earn foreign exchange when exported
12. The following are responsibilities of Kenyan citizens **except**;
  - A. paying taxes
  - B. practicing nepotism
  - C. obeying the law
  - D. being patriotic

13. The parliament of the Buganda kingdom was known as;  
 A. Lukiiko  
 B. Muluka  
 C. Vitongole  
 D. Gombolola
14. The following are factors influencing climate **except** one. Which one?  
 A. relief  
 B. longitude  
 C. latitude  
 D. ocean current

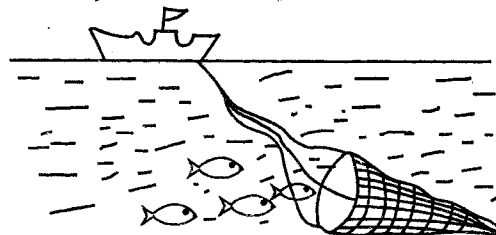
Use the diagram below to answer questions 15 and 16.



15. Name the part marked Q.  
 A. anticline  
 B. syncline  
 C. fault  
 D. horst
16. Which of the following mountains was formed in the above way?  
 A. Mt. Kenya  
 B. Drakensberg  
 C. The Great Karas  
 D. Mt. Ruwenzori
17. The following are effects of the revolution of the earth **except**;  
 A. four seasons  
 B. difference in lengths of day and night  
 C. difference in time along different longitudes  
 D. influences the position of the midday sun

18. Which one of the following is **not** a major tourist attraction in Eastern Africa?  
 A. Wildlife  
 B. Historic sites  
 C. Beautiful scenery  
 D. Pyramids
19. Some early visitors came to Eastern Africa for the following reasons;  
 i) To stop slave trade  
 ii) To introduce Western education  
 iii) To teach Africans a new religion  
 iv) To treat Africans of their diseases  
 The visitors who came for the above reasons are;  
 A. explorers  
 B. missionaries  
 C. traders  
 D. colonizers

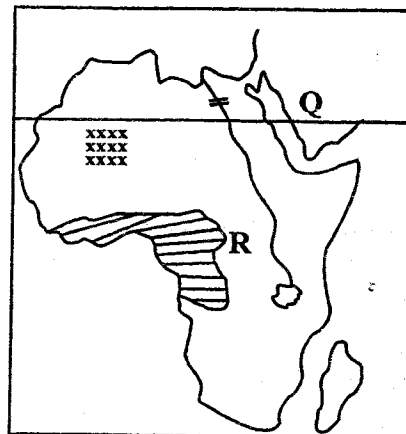
20. The fishing method drawn below is called;



- A. trawling  
 B. purse-seining  
 C. net drifting  
 D. hook and line
21. What is the **best** replacement for X in the box below?
- |         |         |   |      |
|---------|---------|---|------|
| Malinke | Soninke | X | Susu |
|---------|---------|---|------|
- A. Fulani  
 B. Hausa  
 C. Bambara  
 D. Wolof
22. The headquarters of the intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD) is found at;  
 A. Arusha in Tanzania  
 B. Nairobi in Kenya  
 C. Lusaka in Zambia  
 D. Djibouti in Djibouti

23. The following are results of the coming of Arab traders along the Coast of Kenya **except**;
- introduction of Western education
  - emergence of the Swahili languages
  - introduction of new crops
  - spread of Islamic religion
24. Which one of the following is **not** a human right?
- Right to life
  - Right to shelter
  - Equality before the law
  - Right to incite others
25. A family that consists of father, mother, children and their relatives is called;
- nuclear family
  - extended family
  - single-parent family
  - modern family
26. The Great rift valley was formed through a process called;
- faulting and sinking
  - faulting and uplifting
  - erosion
  - accumulation of lava
27. The following factors influence population distribution **except**;
- drainage
  - soils
  - climate
  - religion
28. African socialism is important because of the following reasons **except**;
- urges people to respect each other's rights
  - encourages equality of all the people
  - encourages economic development
  - discourages unity and peace

Use the map of Africa below to answer the questions that follow.



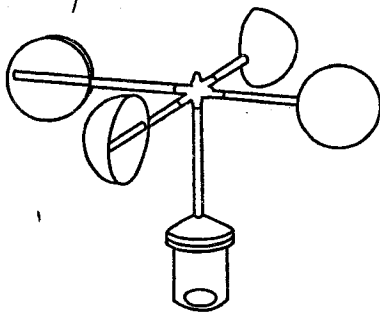
29. The **main** economic activity carried out in the shaded area marked **xxx** is;
- pastoralism
  - lumbering
  - crop farming
  - dairy farming
30. The sun is overhead the latitude marked **Q** in the month of;
- December
  - September
  - June
  - March
31. The following types of trees are **likely** to be found growing in the shaded region marked **R** **except**;
- oak
  - camphor
  - mahogany
  - pine
32. The multi-purpose river project marked **O** was established **mainly** to;
- control the floods
  - provide water for irrigation
  - provide water for HEP production
  - create an inland fishing ground
33. Which mineral below is **correctly** matched with its method of mining?
- Gold - open cast
  - Soda ash - drilling
  - Oil - dredging
  - Diatomite - stripping

34. Who among the following leaders collaborated with the Europeans colonizers?
- A. Chief Mkwawa
  - B. Kabaka Mwanga II
  - C. Laibon Lenana
  - D. Mekatilili wa Menza

35. The **main** reason for teaching moral laws to the youth is to;
- A. encourage them to learn their traditions
  - B. encourage them to support one another
  - C. keep them busy
  - D. enable them to acquire responsible behaviour

36. Nomination of members of National Assembly in Kenya is done by;
- A. political parties
  - B. IEBC
  - C. Attorney General
  - D. The president

37. The weather instrument drawn below is used to measure the;



- A. direction of wind
- B. speed of wind
- C. strength of wind
- D. atmospheric pressure

38. Which one of the following swamps is correctly matched with the country where it is found?
- A. Lorian - Uganda
  - B. Malagarasi - Sudan
  - C. Sudd - Ethiopia
  - D. Okarango - Botswana

39. Which one of the following factors least influence settlement of people in the past? Availability of;
- A. good infrastructure
  - B. food
  - C. water
  - D. fertile soils

40. A school administration has the following functions **except**;
- A. maintaining discipline in the school
  - B. employing teachers
  - C. maintaining the culture of the school
  - D. developing the school

41. The current National Assembly in Kenya is composed of \_\_\_\_\_ members.
- A. 290
  - B. 68
  - C. 210
  - D. 350

42. Which one of the following species of fish is **not** caught in rivers and lakes?
- A. Mullet
  - B. Tilapia
  - C. Nile perch
  - D. Mudfish

43. The party that led Tanganyika to independence was;
- A. Tanganyika African Association (T.A.A)
  - B. United Tanganyika Party (UTP)
  - C. Tanganyika African National Union (TANU)
  - D. Chama cha Mapinduzi (C.C.M)

44. The **main** problem facing sugarcane farmers in Africa are;
- A. delayed payment to the farmers
  - B. overproduction of sugarcane
  - C. drought
  - D. pests and diseases

45. The following are requirements for the growth of a certain crop in Africa.  
 i) Heavy rainfall about 2000mm p.a  
 ii) Low altitude  
 iii) High humidity  
 iv) Shelter from strong winds and sunshine  
 The above conditions are necessary for the growth of;  
 A. cloves  
 B. pyrethrum  
 C. cocoa  
 D. tea
46. The time at which Y 20° E is 12.00 noon. What is the time at town X 10° E?  
 A. 11.20 am  
 B. 12.40 am  
 C. 11.20 pm  
 D. 12.40 pm
47. The following are uses of diatomite. Which one is **not**?  
 A. Making toothpaste  
 B. Making paints  
 C. Making waterfilters  
 D. Making heat insulators
48. Most resistance by Africans against the colonial powers were defeated **mainly** because;  
 A. Africans did not have sufficient food  
 B. Africans were not well organised  
 C. Europeans had better weapons  
 D. Africans were not united
49. The **main** tourists attraction along the Coast of Kenya and Tanzania is;  
 A. wildlife  
 B. sandy beaches  
 C. historical sites  
 D. mangrove forests
50. The following are problems experienced in major town in Eastern Africa **except**;  
 A. congestion  
 B. traffic jams  
 C. shortage of water  
 D. adequate employment opportunities
51. Which one of the following is **not** a basic need of a modern family?  
 A. Clothes  
 B. Computer  
 C. Food  
 D. Shelter
52. The following are communities in Eastern Africa.  
 i) Wanyamwezi  
 ii) Wayao  
 iii) Akamba  
 Which statement is true about them?  
 A. They were ruled by kings  
 B. They are mainly pastoralists  
 C. They were long distance traders  
 D. They originated from the horn of Africa
53. The type of marriage that is conducted in a government office is;  
 A. civil  
 B. customary  
 C. islamic  
 D. christian
54. The following are cocoa growing areas in Ghana **except**;  
 A. Takoradi  
 B. Kumasi  
 C. Accra  
 D. Port Harcourt
55. Which one of the following is an example of a manufacturing industry?  
 A. Sugar refinery  
 B. Cement making  
 C. Cotton ginnery  
 D. Tobacco cunning
56. Which one of the following national holidays is celebrated to remember the day freedom fighters were arrested?  
 A. Madaraka day  
 B. Jamhuri day  
 C. Mashujaa day  
 D. Kenyatta day

57. The method of conflict resolution where the matter is taken to court is known as;  
 A. mediation  
 B. litigation  
 C. arbitration  
 D. negotiation
58. An elected MCA can lose his seat because of all the following **except**;  
 A. missing eight consecutive sittings  
 B. if he is jailed for more than six months  
 C. if he visit a foreign country  
 D. if his election is nullified by a court of law
59. Which one of the following was a major mode of interaction among the Kenyan communities in the past?  
 A. Trade  
 B. Birthday parties  
 C. Religious ceremonies  
 D. Workshops and seminars
60. A school motto is important because it;  
 A. is written by the headteacher  
 B. it helps to maintain order in the school  
 C. it summarises the aims and beliefs of the school  
 D. it allocated time for all the school activities
63. Jesus taught that true riches should be stored in heaven. True riches are;  
 A. wealth  
 B. pride  
 C. secular-values  
 D. christian values
64. Jesus shared a meal with a tax collector. What was the name of the tax-collector?  
 A. Zacchaeus  
 B. Lazarous  
 C. Zebedee  
 D. Nicodemus
65. Among the following disciples, who were with Jesus during the transfiguration?  
 A. James, Phillip and Matthew  
 B. John, James and Phillip  
 C. Peter, James and John  
 D. Peter, James and Andrew
66. Happy are the pure in heart for;  
 A. the kingdom of God belongs to them  
 B. God will comfort them  
 C. they will see God  
 D. God will be merciful to them
67. Which christian value do christians learn from the story of Ananias and Saphira?  
 A. Charity  
 B. Faithfulness  
 C. Trust worthy  
 D. Honesty

**PART B:**  
**SECTION TWO**  
**CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. Which of the following activities shows that man co-created with God?  
 A. Preaching the word of God  
 B. Helping the needy  
 C. Going to church  
 D. Managing the environment
62. Who among the following women was Isaac's wife?  
 A. Hannah  
 B. Rebecca  
 C. Rachael  
 D. Elizabeth
68. Who among the following people was raised from the dead by Jesus?  
 A. Nicodemus  
 B. Martha  
 C. Jairus' daughter  
 D. The widow of Nine
69. King Ahab sinned against God when he;  
 A. took Naboth's vineyard  
 B. married Uriah's wife  
 C. made Jerusalem a famous city  
 D. ordered for the killing of Baal



70. From the incident when Jesus calmed the storm Christians learn that they should have;
- obedience
  - faith
  - humility
  - honesty
71. Which one of the following statements is **not** true according to the teaching of Jesus on the sermon on the mount;
- everyone who calls the Lord will enter the kingdom
  - for everyone who asks will be given
  - the door will be opened to whoever knocks
  - everyone who seeks will find
72. Love is the greatest fruit of the Holy Spirit because;
- it was given by Jesus
  - it is shown through the actions
  - it sums up all the other fruits
  - it is one of the commandments
73. Which one of the following miracles of Jesus teaches Christians on the virtue of thankfulness?
- Calming the storm
  - Raising of Lazarus
  - Healing the ten lepers
  - Feeding the 5,000 men
74. When Jesus resurrected he first appeared to;
- Mary Magdalene
  - Peter
  - Andrew
  - Cleopas
75. Which one of the following rites of passage in traditional African society showed that one had become an adult?
- Initiation
  - Marriage
  - Death
  - Birth
76. From the incident when Joseph welcomed his brother in Egypt, Christians learn that they should be;
- innocent
  - caring
  - obedient
  - repentant
77. Who among the following people was a deacon in the early church?
- Nicanor
  - Peter
  - Paul
  - Simeon
78. Where was Jesus praying from when He was arrested by soldiers led by Judas?
- Mount Sinai
  - Garden of Gethsemane
  - Mount Meriah
  - Lake Galilee
79. What was Zachariah the father of John the Baptist doing when an angel visited him?
- Praying in the temple
  - Reading the Bible
  - Burning incense
  - Cleaning the temple
80. Which one of the following practices would **best** show how a Christian can care for the environment?
- Burning rubbish
  - Planting trees
  - Sweeping the house
  - Draining stagnant water
81. When Jesus was being tempted by Satan, He stayed in the wilderness for \_\_\_ days.
- 30
  - 20
  - 40
  - 3

82. The Acts of Apostles was written by;  
 A. John  
 B. Luke  
 C. Mark  
 D. Paul
83. The third king of Israel was;  
 A. Rehoboam  
 B. Saul  
 C. David  
 D. Solomon
84. Which prophet raised the son of rich woman from Shunem?  
 A. Elijah  
 B. Samuel  
 C. Elisha  
 D. Micah
85. Abraham went to sacrifice his only son on mount;  
 A. Moriah  
 B. Carmel  
 C. Olive  
 D. Nebo
86. In Traditional African Society people **mainly** married to;  
 A. have companionship  
 B. have children  
 C. avoid immorality  
 D. gain status in the society
87. Who among the following broke the commandment "Do not commit murder"?  
 A. Noah and Abel  
 B. Isaac and Laban  
 C. Joseph and Naboth  
 D. Cain and Ahab
88. Christians **best** witness the new life in Christ by;  
 A. going to church  
 B. doing the will of God  
 C. praying daily  
 D. confessing their sins

89. The following are Pentateuch books **except**;  
 A. Numbers  
 B. Deuteronomy  
 C. Exodus  
 D. Judges
90. What usually makes a member of the family to be excused from hard work in the Traditional African Community?  
 A. Lack of experience  
 B. Poor health  
 C. Personal commitment  
 D. Bad behaviour

**PART B**  
**SECTION TWO**  
**ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. The best of the creatures according to Surah Al Bayyinah are those;  
 A. Who worship the Lord of Al- Kaabah  
 B. Allah (S.W) has appointed as messengers  
 C. Discharge justice in judgement  
 D. Who have believed and do righteous deeds
62. When we ask Allah (s.w) to guide us in the right way in surah fatina we also ask Him not to allow us go the path of those who;  
 A. abused Him  
 B. became apostates  
 C. angered Him  
 D. denied the prophets
63. The Quraish according to Surah Quraish were taught by Allah (s.w) to;  
 A. pray and offer sacrifices to Allah (s.w) alone  
 B. do commerce practises in both summer and winter  
 C. seek refuge in the Lord of Daybreak  
 D. repent and ask for forgiveness when victory of Islam comes their way.
64. Black magic and blowing knots is a vice condemned by Allah (s.w) in Surah;  
 A. Falaq  
 B. Alaq  
 C. Masad  
 D. Naas

65. "The search for knowledge is a duty of every muslim." According to this hadith of the prophet (p.b.u.h), knowledge precisely referred to here is;  
 A. Aqliyya                      B. Qaib  
 C. Ruhya                         D. Bahliyya
66. Complete the following hadith of the prophet (p.b.u.h) with the **correct** clause; "The poor could not have suffered if ....."  
 A. they worked hard and sweated for their provisions  
 B. it were not for the negligence of the rich to give zakat  
 C. the Islamic society pooled its resources together for them  
 D. they chose another faith
67. Which one of the following is **not** a form of an act of kindness according to hadith of the prophet (p.b.u.h) on kindness?  
 A. Marrying a grown up orphan  
 B. Talking to others politely  
 C. Donating food to an orphanage  
 D. Planting a fruit bearing tree in the village
68. An optional prayer that is **not** prayed in congregation is;  
 A. Jumua                         B. Kusuf  
 C. Idd                              D. Witr
69. The following manners are encouraged while observing an Islamic fast **except**;  
 A. doing haste in having Sahur meals  
 B. refraining from feeding, sexual contact and drinking from dawn to dusk  
 C. hurrying up to break saum immediately the sun sets  
 D. breaking the fast with dates or water
70. Sunnah bath does **not** include ablution;  
 A. after washing mayyit  
 B. after getting janaba  
 C. before attending Friday prayer  
 D. taken before taking part in hajj rites
71. Muslims are regarded as the **best** ummat because they;  
 A. worship a single God  
 B. observe strict moral code of behaviour  
 C. encourage good and forbid evil  
 D. dispense justice in all their dealings
72. A servant who comes to work for a Muslim employer when drunk can **best** be handled through;  
 A. firing him on the spot  
 B. warning him repeatedly not to drink and work  
 C. taking him to a counsellor for help  
 D. talking to him over dangers and effects of alcoholism
73. The following miracles were done by Allah (s.w) in favour of one of His Prophets.  
 i) *Assailants who came to assassinate him were made to sleep*  
 ii) *His saliva healed poison in the body of a companion while on migration*  
 iii) *Dove, spider and miraculous blindness were used to turn away his enemies while they hunted him down.*  
 The prophet described by the miracles of Allah (s.w) above is;  
 A. Issa(a.s)  
 B. Muhammad (p.b.u.h)  
 C. Ibrahim (a.s)  
 D. Dhul Kifl (a.s)
74. The following are principles of tawakal **except**;  
 A. faith in Allah (s.w)  
 B. devotion to Allah (s.w)  
 C. commitment to work  
 D. unity and co-operation
75. One of the following is **not** an effect of intoxicants. Which one is it? They;  
 A. heal some chronic diseases  
 B. cause addiction  
 C. lead to serious health complications  
 D. modify ones behaviour and character
76. In which Ash-hurul-hurum month does an Islamic Lunar year begin?  
 A. Rajab                         B. Dhul hijjah  
 C. Muharram                    D. Dhul Qaadah

77. The following activities are done on Friday **except**;  
 A. taking a bath  
 B. delivering khutba after prayer  
 C. calling out two adhan before prayer  
 D. arriving early before sermon and prayer
78. The Qurouish army in the battle of uhud comprised of;  
 A. three hundred and thirteen warriors  
 B. one thousand horse riding warriors  
 C. fifty archers  
 D. a woman warrior
79. The prophet of Allah (s.w) who constructed an ark in readiness for Allah's natural calamity preached at;  
 A. Mesopotamia      B. Assyria  
 C. Palestine      D. Harbesh
80. Umrah rites end with;  
 A. running between Safa and Marwa  
 B. attending holy congregation at Arafa  
 C. sharing hair and chipping nails  
 D. undressing ihram
81. Ayyamul baidh fasts are done;  
 A. on Mondays and Thursdays  
 B. on alternate days  
 C. within the month of Ramadhan only  
 D. in every mid- month
82. Having sexual contact in the night of Ramadhan, tasting food, swimming and sleeping all;  
 A. retain ones fast  
 B. are discouraged to one fasting  
 C. spoil fasts  
 D. cancel ones fasts
83. A bounty of Allah (s.w) on our bodies that controls the rest is;  
 A. mind      B. reason  
 C. brain      D. thought
84. Israaf can best be described as;  
 A. empty talk      B. spend thriftness  
 C. kindness      D. useless talk
85. An Islamic ceremony that unites two unrelated persons to be related and bear children together is;  
 A. Walimah      B. Nikah  
 C. Idd      D. Aqiqah
86. Idd and Friday prayers are similar in the manner in which;  
 A. they are said  
 B. they are celebrated  
 C. the number of rakaats are delivered  
 D. the sermons are delivered
87. A neighbour according to the teachings of the prophet (p.b.u.h) is;  
 A. anyone near you at any given time  
 B. our teachers, classmates and school workers  
 C. People whose houses are near ours  
 D. one we share good and bad moments with
88. A Sunnah act of wudhu among the following is;  
 A. washing every part three times  
 B. following the order of ablution  
 C. washing the arms  
 D. start washing the face first
89. Rashid was heard saying, "Alhamdulillahiladhiy ibtaalahu waafaniy." Rashid must have;  
 A. had a bad dream  
 B. heard news of the death of a relative  
 C. seen a disabled person  
 D. sighted a new moon
90. For a non-muslim to become a Muslim, she **must**:-  
 A. take a bath first  
 B. get married to a Muslim man  
 C. confess it in the mosque  
 D. Recite words of faith declaration before a Muslim.